

GATE - 2016

(BIOTECHNOLOGY)

AIR 6



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Education for Life...

Pathfinder Academy

GATE Biotechnology

Year – 2016

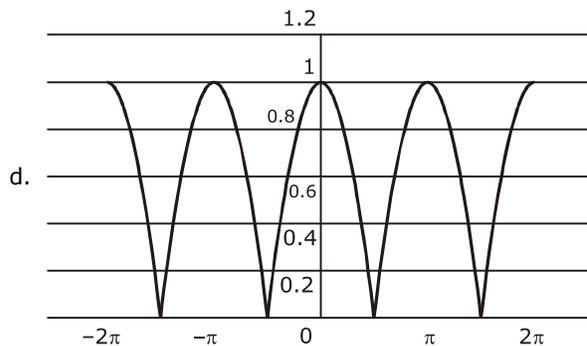
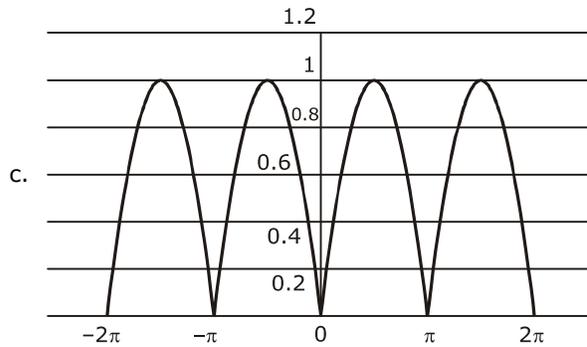
General aptitude

Questions 01 to 05 carry *one* mark each.

01. The volume of a sphere of diameter 1 unit is _____ than the volume of a cube of side 1 unit.
a. least
b. less
c. lesser
d. low
02. The unruly crowd demanded that the accused be _____ without trial.
a. hanged
b. hanging
c. hankering
d. hung
03. Choose the statement(s) where the underlined word is used *correctly*:
P. A prone is a dried plum.
Q. He was lying prone on the floor.
R. People who eat a lot of fat are prone to heart disease.
a. P and R only
b. R only
c. P and Q only
d. Q and R only
04. Fact: If it rains, then the field is wet.
Read the following statements:
P. It rains.
Q. The field is not wet.
R. The field is wet.
S. It did not rain.
Which one of the options given below is *not* logically possible, based on the given fact?
a. If R, then S
b. If P, then R
c. If P, then Q
d. If Q, then S
05. A window is made up of a square portion and an equilateral triangle portion above it. The base of the triangular portion coincides with the upper side of the square. If the perimeter of the window is 6 m, the area of the window in m^2 is _____.
a. 1.43
b. 2.06
c. 2.68
d. 2.88

Questions 06 to 10 carry *two* marks each.

06. Students taking an exam are divided into two groups, P and Q such that each group has the same number of students. The performance of each of the students in a test was evaluated out of 200 marks. It was observed that the mean of group P was 105, while that of group Q was 85. The standard deviation of group P was 25, while that of group Q was 5. Assuming that the marks were distributed on a normal distribution, which of the following statements will have the highest probability of being *true*?



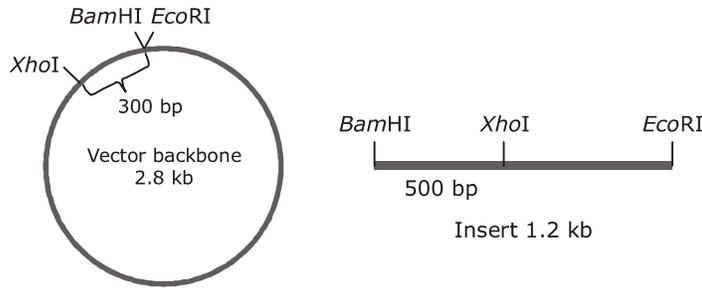
Biotechnology

Questions 11 to 35 carry *one* mark each.

11. Bacteria with two or more flagella at one or both ends are called
 - a. amphitrichous
 - b. peritrichous
 - c. lophotrichous
 - d. atrichous
12. Which family of viruses has single stranded DNA?
 - a. Herpesviridae
 - b. Poxviridae
 - c. Retroviridae
 - d. Parvoviridae
13. What will be the binding status of regulatory proteins in *lac* operon when concentrations of both lactose and glucose are very low in the culture medium?
 - a. Only the repressor remains bound to the operator.
 - b. Only the cyclic AMP-Catabolic Activator Protein (cAMP-CAP) complex remains bound to the CAP binding site.
 - c. Neither the repressor nor cAMP-CAP complex remain bound to their respective binding sites.
 - d. Both the repressor and cAMP-CAP complex remain bound to their respective binding sites.
14. Which of the following are *true* for *Treponema pallidum*?
 - P. It is the causative agent of syphilis.
 - Q. It is a spirochete.
 - R. It is a non-motile bacterium.
 - S. It is generally susceptible to penicillin.

25. Based on their function, find the odd one out.
- a. miRNA
b. siRNA
c. shRNA
d. snRNA
26. Prandtl number is the ratio of
- a. thermal diffusivity to momentum diffusivity.
b. mass diffusivity to momentum diffusivity.
c. momentum diffusivity to thermal diffusivity.
d. thermal diffusivity to mass diffusivity.
27. Fed batch cultivation is suitable for which of the following?
- P. Processes with substrate inhibition.
Q. Processes with product inhibition.
R. High cell density cultivation.
- a. P and Q only
b. P and R only
c. Q and R only
d. P, Q and R
28. A biological process is involved in the _____ treatment of industrial effluent.
- a. primary
b. secondary
c. tertiary
d. quaternary
29. In dead-end filtration, rate of filtration is
- a. directly proportional to the square root of pressure drop across the filter medium.
b. inversely proportional to the pressure drop across the filter medium.
c. inversely proportional to the viscosity of the solution.
d. inversely proportional to the square of viscosity of the solution.
30. The power required for agitation of non-aerated medium in fermentation is _____ kW.
Operating conditions are as follows:
Fermentor diameter = 3 m
Number of impellers = 1
Mixing speed = 300 rpm
Diameter of the Rushton turbine = 1 m
Viscosity of the broth = 0.001 Pa.s
Density of the broth = 1000 kg.m⁻³
Power number = 5
31. Which one of the following is the most suitable type of impeller for mixing high viscosity (viscosity > 10⁵ cP) fluids?
- a. Propeller
b. Helical ribbon
c. Paddle
d. Flat blade turbine
32. Runs scored by a batsman in five one-day matches are 55, 75, 67, 88 and 15. The standard deviation is _____.
33. The positive eigenvalue of the following matrix is _____.
- $$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 5 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$$

40. Select the *correct* combination of genetic components that are essential for the transfer of T-DNA segment from *Agrobacterium tumefaciens* to plant cells.
- | | |
|---|--|
| a. Border repeat sequences and oncogenes. | b. Border repeat sequences and <i>vir</i> genes. |
| c. Opine biosynthetic genes and <i>vir</i> genes. | d. Opine biosynthetic genes and oncogenes. |
41. Match the secondary metabolites (Column-I) with the corresponding plant species (Column-II).
- | Column-I | Column-II |
|-----------------------|-------------------------------|
| P. Morphine | 1. <i>Datura stramonium</i> |
| Q. Pyrethrins | 2. <i>Catharanthus roseus</i> |
| R. Scopolamine | 3. <i>Papaver somniferum</i> |
| S. Vincristine | 4. <i>Tagetes erecta</i> |
| a. P-4, Q-3, R-1, S-2 | b. P-3, Q-4, R-1, S-2 |
| c. P-2, Q-3, R-4, S-1 | d. P-4, Q-1, R-2, S-3 |
42. A variety of genetic elements are used in the transgenic plant research. Match the genetic elements (Column-I) with their corresponding source (Column-II).
- | Column-I | Column-II |
|--|--------------------------------------|
| P. <i>Ubiquitin 1</i> promoter | 1. <i>Agrobacterium tumefaciens</i> |
| Q. <i>Nos</i> transcriptional terminator | 2. <i>Streptomyces hygroscopicus</i> |
| R. <i>bar</i> selection marker gene | 3. <i>Escherichia coli</i> |
| S. <i>gus</i> reporter gene | 4. <i>Zea mays</i> |
| a. P-2, Q-1, R-3, S-4 | b. P-2, Q-3, R-4, S-1 |
| c. P-3, Q-4, R-1, S-2 | d. P-4, Q-1, R-2, S-3 |
43. Match the type of chromosomal inheritance (Column-I) with the corresponding genetic disease or trait (Column-II).
- | Column-I | Column-II |
|------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| P. Autosomal recessive inheritance | 1. Huntington disease |
| Q. Autosomal dominant inheritance | 2. Hairy ears |
| R. X-linked inheritance | 3. Cystic fibrosis |
| S. Y-linked inheritance | 4. Hemophilia |
| a. P-1, Q-4, R-3, S-2 | b. P-4, Q-3, R-2, S-1 |
| c. P-3, Q-1, R-4, S-2 | d. P-4, Q-2, R-3, S-1 |
44. A crossing was performed between the genotypes DdEeFfgg and ddEeFfGg. Assuming that the allelic pairs of all genes assort independently, the proportion of progeny having the genotype ddeeffgg is expected to be _____%.
45. The equilibrium potential of a biological membrane for Na⁺ is 55 mV at 37°C. Concentration of Na⁺ inside the cell is 20 mM. Assuming the membrane is permeable to Na⁺ only, the Na⁺ concentration outside the membrane will be _____ mM.
(Faraday constant: 23062 cal.V⁻¹.mol⁻¹, Gas constant: 1.98 cal.mol⁻¹.K⁻¹)
46. A 1.2 kb DNA fragment was cloned into *Bam*HI and *Eco*RI sites located on a 2.8 kb cloning vector. The *Bam*HI and *Eco*RI sites are adjacent to each other on the vector backbone. The vector contains an *Xho*I site located 300 bp upstream of the *Bam*HI site. An internal *Xho*I site is present in the gene sequence as shown in the figure. The resultant recombinant plasmid is digested with *Eco*RI and *Xho*I and analyzed through 1% agarose gel electrophoresis. Assuming complete digestion with *Eco*RI and *Xho*I, the DNA fragments (in base pairs) visible on the agarose gel will correspond to:

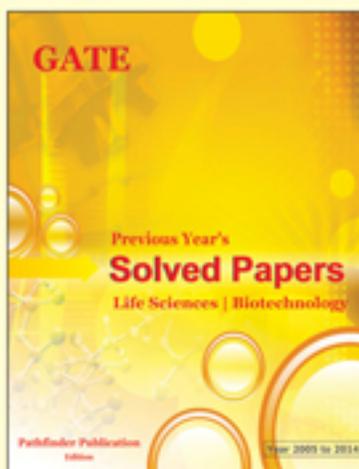
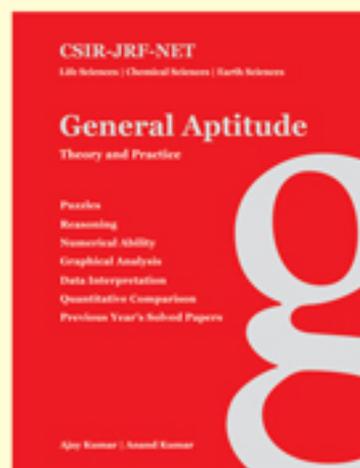
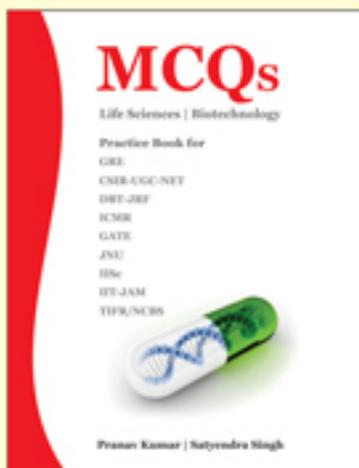
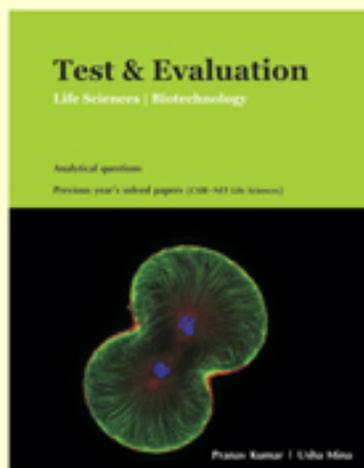
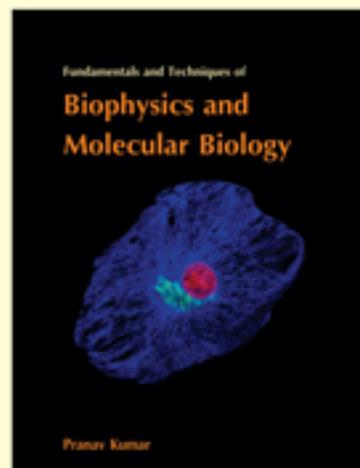
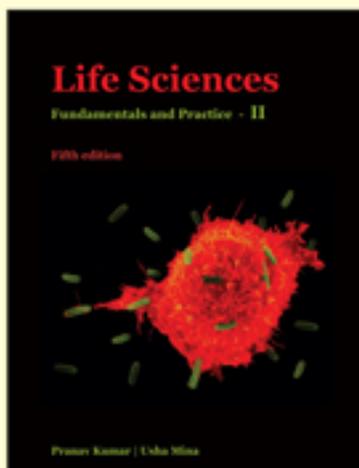
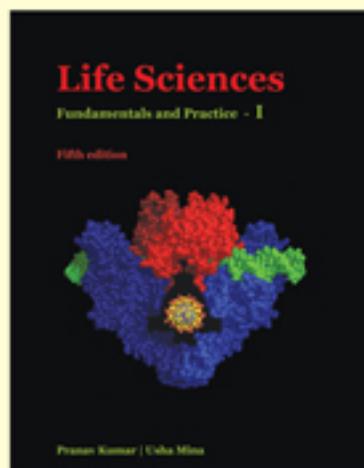


- a. 2800, 700 and 500
 b. 2800, 700 and 800
 c. 2500, 700 and 800
 d. 2500, 1200 and 300
47. Find the *incorrect* combination.
- Surface immunoglobulins — B cell antigen receptor.
 - Affinity maturation — isotype switching.
 - Fc region of antibodies — binding to complement proteins.
 - Spleen, the secondary lymphoid organ — no connection with the lymphatic system.
48. Which of the following statement(s) is/are *correct* for antigen activated effector T-cells?
- CD4⁺ cells make contact with macrophages and stimulate their microbicidal activity.
 - CD4⁺ cells make contact with B-cells and stimulate them to differentiate into plasma cells.
 - CD8⁺ cells make contact with B-cells and stimulate them to differentiate into plasma cells.
 - CD8⁺ cells make contact with virus infected cells and kill them.
- Q only
 - Q and S only
 - P, Q and S only
 - P, Q, R and S
49. Which one of the following statements regarding G proteins is *incorrect*?
- GDP is bound to G protein in the resting stage.
 - GTP bound α -subunit cannot reassemble with $\beta\gamma$ -dimer.
 - All G proteins are trimeric.
 - Activation of G protein may result in activation or inhibition of the target enzymes.
50. In animal cell culture, a CO₂ enriched atmosphere in the incubator chamber is used to maintain the culture pH between 6.9 and 7.4. Which one of the following statements is *correct*?
- Higher the bicarbonate concentration in the medium, higher should be the requirement of gaseous CO₂.
 - Lower the bicarbonate concentration in the medium, higher should be the requirement of gaseous CO₂.
 - Higher the bicarbonate concentration in the medium, lower should be the requirement of gaseous CO₂.
 - CO₂ requirement is independent of bicarbonate concentration in the medium.
51. Choose the *correct* combination of True (T) and False (F) statements about microcarriers used in animal cell culture.
- Higher cell densities can be achieved using microcarriers.
 - Microcarriers increase the surface area for cell growth.
 - Microcarriers are used for both anchorage- and nonanchorage-dependent cells.
 - Absence of surface charge on microcarriers enhances attachment of cells.
- P-T, Q-F, R-T and S-F
 - P-T, Q-T, R-F and S-F
 - P-F, Q-F, R-T and S-T
 - P-F, Q-T, R-F and S-T

52. In an assay of the type II dehydroquinase of molecular mass 18 kDa, it is found that the V_{\max} of the enzyme is $0.0134 \mu\text{mol}\cdot\text{min}^{-1}$ when $1.8 \mu\text{g}$ enzyme is added to the assay mixture. If the K_m for the substrate is $25 \mu\text{M}$, the k_{cat}/K_m ratio will be _____ $\times 10^4 \text{ M}^{-1}\cdot\text{s}^{-1}$.
53. The molar extinction coefficients of Trp and Tyr at 280 nm are 5690 and $1280 \text{ M}^{-1}\cdot\text{cm}^{-1}$, respectively. The polypeptide chain of yeast alcohol dehydrogenase (37 kDa) contains 5 Trp and 14 Tyr residues. The absorbance at 280 nm of a $0.32 \text{ mg}\cdot\text{mL}^{-1}$ solution of yeast alcohol dehydrogenase measured in a cuvette of 1 cm pathlength will be _____.
(Assume that the molar extinction coefficient values for Trp and Tyr apply to these amino acids in the yeast alcohol dehydrogenase).
54. The activity of lactate dehydrogenase can be measured by monitoring the following reaction:

$$\text{Pyruvate} + \text{NADH} \longrightarrow \text{Lactate} + \text{NAD}^+$$
 The molar extinction coefficient of NADH at 340 nm is $6220 \text{ M}^{-1}\cdot\text{cm}^{-1}$. NAD^+ does not absorb at this wavelength. In an assay, $25 \mu\text{L}$ of a sample of enzyme (containing $5 \mu\text{g}$ protein per mL) was added to a mixture of pyruvate and NADH to give a total volume of 3 mL in a cuvette of 1 cm pathlength. The rate of decrease in absorbance at 340 nm was 0.14 min^{-1} . The specific activity of the enzyme will be _____ $\mu\text{mol}\cdot\text{min}^{-1}\cdot\text{mg}^{-1}$.
55. Analysis of a hexapeptide using enzymatic cleavage reveals the following result:
- Amino acid composition of the peptide is: 2R, A, V, S, Y.
 - Trypsin digestion yields two fragments and the compositions are: (R, A, V) and (R, S, Y).
 - Chymotrypsin digestion yields two fragments and the compositions are: (A, R, V, Y) and (R, S)
 - Digestion with carboxypeptidase A yields no cleavage product.
- Given: Trypsin cleaves at carboxyl side of R.
 Chymotrypsin cleaves at carboxyl side of Y.
 Carboxypeptidase A cleaves at amino side of the C-terminal amino acid (except R and K) of the peptide.
 The correct amino acid sequence of the peptide is
- | | |
|-----------|-----------|
| a. RSYRVA | b. AVRYSR |
| c. SRYVAR | d. SVRRYA |
56. The empirical formula for biomass of an unknown organism is $\text{CH}_{1.8}\text{O}_{0.5}\text{N}_{0.2}$. To grow this organism, ethanol ($\text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{OH}$) and ammonia are used as carbon and nitrogen sources, respectively. Assume no product formation other than biomass. To produce 1 mole of biomass from 1 mole of ethanol, the number of moles of oxygen required will be _____.
57. *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* is cultured in a chemostat (continuous fermentation) at a dilution rate of 0.5 h^{-1} . The feed substrate concentration is $10 \text{ g}\cdot\text{L}^{-1}$. The biomass concentration in the chemostat at steady state will be _____ $\text{g}\cdot\text{L}^{-1}$.
 Assumptions: Feed is sterile, maintenance is negligible and maximum biomass yield with respect to substrate is 0.4 (g biomass per g ethanol).
 Microbial growth kinetics is given by $\mu = \frac{\mu_m s}{K_s + s}$; where μ is specific growth rate (h^{-1}), $\mu_m = 0.7 \text{ h}^{-1}$, $K_s = 0.3 \text{ g}\cdot\text{L}^{-1}$ and s is substrate concentration ($\text{g}\cdot\text{L}^{-1}$).
58. Decimal reduction time of bacterial spores is 23 min at 121°C and the death kinetics follow first order. One liter medium containing 10^5 spores per mL was sterilized for 10 min at 121°C in a batch sterilizer. The number of spores in the medium after sterilization (assuming destruction of spores in heating and cooling period is negligible) will be _____ $\times 10^7$.

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